

### 32-5894: Mouse Anti HIV-1 gp41(Clone:NYRHIV1gp41.)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	NYRHIV1gp41.
<b>Gene :</b>	gag-pol
<b>Gene ID :</b>	155348
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	P04585
<b>Format :</b>	Purified
<b>Isotype :</b>	mouse IgG1.
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	r.gp41.

#### Description

Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is a retrovirus that can lead to a condition in which the immune system begins to fail, leading to opportunistic infections. HIV primarily infects vital cells in the human immune system such as helper T cells (specifically CD4+ T cells), macrophages and dendritic cells. HIV infection leads to low levels of CD4+ T cells through three main mechanisms: firstly, direct viral killing of infected cells; secondly, increased rates of apoptosis in infected cells; and thirdly, killing of infected CD4+ T cells by CD8 cytotoxic lymphocytes that recognize infected cells. When CD4+ T cell numbers decline below a critical level, cell-mediated immunity is lost, and the body becomes progressively more susceptible to opportunistic infections. HIV was classified as a member of the genus *Lentivirus*, part of the family of *Retroviridae*. Lentiviruses have many common morphologies and biological properties. Many species are infected by lentiviruses, which are characteristically responsible for long-duration illnesses with a long incubation period. Lentiviruses are transmitted as single-stranded, positive-sense, enveloped RNA viruses. Upon entry of the target cell, the viral RNA genome is converted to double-stranded DNA by a virally encoded reverse transcriptase that is present in the virus particle. This viral DNA is then integrated into the cellular DNA by a virally encoded integrase so that the genome can be transcribed. Once the virus has infected the cell, two pathways are possible: either the virus becomes latent and the infected cell continues to function, or the virus becomes active and replicates, and a large number of virus particles are liberated that can then infect other cells.

#### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	1 mg
<b>Purification :</b>	Ion exchange column.
<b>Content :</b>	1mg/ml in PBS (after reconstitution).
<b>Storage condition :</b>	In lyophilized form, for long periods, store at 4o C in a dry environment. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -20o C.