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Bhubaneswar, Odisha - 751024, INDIA

## 36-1371: Monoclonal Antibody to Cytokeratin 17 (KRT17) (Basal Epithelial Marker)(Clone: SPM560)

Clonality: Monoclonal Clone Name: SPM560

**Application :** FACS,IF,WB,IHC **Reactivity :** Human, Rat

 Gene :
 KRT17

 Gene ID :
 3872

 Uniprot ID :
 Q04695

 Format :
 Purified

 Alternative Name :
 KRT17

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG2b, kappa

Immunogen Information: The cytoskeletal fraction of Rat colon epithelium

## **Description**

Cytokeratin 17 (CK17) is a member of the Cytokeratin subfamily of intermediate filament proteins (IFP?s). It is unique in that it is normally expressed in the basal cells of complex epithelia but not in stratified or simple epithelia. CK17 is expressed in the nail bed, hair follicle, sebaceous glands and other epidermal appendages. Antibody to CK17 is an excellent tool to distinguish myoepithelial cells from luminal epithelium of various glands such as mammary, sweat and salivary. CK17 is expressed in epithelial cells of various origins, such as bronchial epithelial cells and skin appendages. It may be considered as ?epithelial stem cell? marker because CK17 Ab marks basal cell differentiation. CK17 can be useful when included in a panel of antibodies against TTF-1, napsin A, CK5&6, p63, and SOX-2 for diagnostic differentiation between lung adenocarcinoma (LADC) and lung squamous cell carcinoma (SCLC), especially for poorly-differentiated lung carcinoma. CK17 is expressed in SCLC much higher than in LADC. In breast carcinomas, approximately 20% of patients show no expression of ER, PR and Her2, which are defined as triple negative tumor. Eighty-five percent of the triple negative breast carcinomas immunoreact with basal cytokeratins including anti-CK17. Also important is that cases of triple negative breast carcinoma with expression of CK17 show an aggressive clinical course. The histologic differentiation of ampullary cancer, intestinal vs. pancreatobiliary, is very important for treatment. Usually anti-CK17 and anti-MUC1 immunoreactivity represents pancreatobiliary subtype whereas anti-MUC2 and anti-CDX-2 positivity defines intestinal subtype.

## **Product Info**

Amount:  $100 \mu g$ 

**Purification :** Affinity Chromatography

**Content :** 100 μg in 500 μl PBS containing 0.05% BSA and 0.05% sodium azide. Sodium azide is highly

toxic.

Storage condition:

Storage condition:

Store the antibody at 4°C; stable for 6 months. For long-term storage; store at -20°C. Avoid

repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

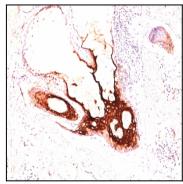
## **Application Note**

Flow Cytometry (1-2ug/million cells); Immunofluorescence (1-2ug/ml); Western Blot (1-2ug/ml); Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95&degC followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);

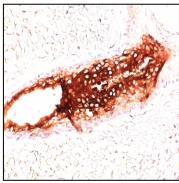


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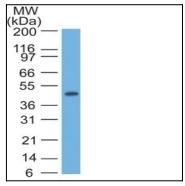
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Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Skin stained with CK17 Monoclonal Antibody (SPM560).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Skin stained with CK17 Monoclonal Antibody (SPM560).



Western Blot of HeLa Lysate using CK17 Monoclonal Antibody (SPM560).