

## 32-5498: Recombinant HepatitisB Virus Core(1-186)

### Description

Source : The E.coli derived recombinant protein contains the HBV core immunodominant region amino acids 1-186, and fused to a His tag at N- terminus. Hepatitis B is one of a few known non-retroviralviruses which employ reverse transcription as a part of its replication process. (HIV, a completely unrelated virus, also uses reverse transcription, but it is a retrovirus.) HBV invades the cell by binding to surface receptor and become internalized. The viral core particles then migrate to the hepatocyte nucleus and the partially double-stranded, relaxed circular genomes (RC-DNA) are repaired to form a covalently closed circular DNA (cccDNA), which is the template for viral genomic and sub-genomic RNAs by cellular RNA polymerase II. Of these, the pregenomic RNA(pgRNA) is selectively packaged into progeny capsids and is then reverse-transcribed into new RC-DNA. The core can either bud into the endoplasmic reticulum to be enveloped or exported from the cell or recycled back into the genome for conversion to cccDNA.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	0.5 mg
<b>Purification :</b>	HBV Core protein is >90% pure as determined by 10% PAGE (Coomassie staining).
<b>Content :</b>	25mM Tris-HCl pH-8.0, 1.5mM Urea & 50% glycerol.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	HBV Core protein although stable at 4°C for 1 week, should be stored below -18°C. Please prevent freeze thaw cycles.

